WASHINGTON - The Internal Revenue Service today announced cost-of-living adjustments affecting dollar limitations for pension plans and other retirement-related items for Tax Year 2013. In general, many of the pension plan limitations will change for 2013 because the increase in the cost-of-living index met the statutory thresholds that trigger their adjustment. However, other limitations will remain unchanged because the increase in the index did not meet the statutory thresholds that trigger their adjustment. Highlights include:

- The elective deferral (contribution) limit for employees who participate in 401(k), 403(b), most 457 plans, and the federal government's Thrift Savings Plan is increased from \$17,000 to \$17,500.
- The catch-up contribution limit for employees aged 50 and over who participate in 401(k), 403(b), most 457 plans, and the federal government's Thrift Savings Plan remains unchanged at $\$ 5,500$.
- The deduction for taxpayers making contributions to a traditional IRA is phased out for singles and heads of household who are covered by a workplace retirement plan and have modified adjusted gross incomes (AGI) between $\$ 59,000$ and $\$ 69,000$, up from $\$ 58,000$ and $\$ 68,000$ in 2012. For married couples filing jointly, in which the spouse who makes the IRA contribution is covered by a workplace retirement plan, the income phase-out range is $\$ 95,000$ to $\$ 115,000$, up from $\$ 92,000$ to $\$ 112,000$. For an IRA contributor who is not covered by a workplace retirement plan and is married to someone who is covered, the deduction is phased out if the couple's income is between $\$ 178,000$ and $\$ 188,000$, up from $\$ 173,000$ and $\$ 183,000$.
- The AGI phase-out range for taxpayers making contributions to a Roth IRA is $\$ 178,000$ to $\$ 188,000$ for married couples filing jointly, up from $\$ 173,000$ to $\$ 183,000$ in 2012. For singles and heads of household, the income phaseout range is $\$ 112,000$ to $\$ 127,000$, up from $\$ 110,000$ to $\$ 125,000$. For a married individual filing a separate return who is covered by a retirement plan at work, the phase-out range remains $\$ 0$ to $\$ 10,000$.
- The AGI limit for the saver's credit (also known as the retirement savings contribution credit) for low- and moderate-income workers is \$59,000 for married couples filing jointly, up from $\$ 57,500$ in 2012; $\$ 44,250$ for heads of
household, up from \$43,125; and \$29,500 for married individuals filing separately and for singles, up from $\$ 28,750$.

Below are details on both the unchanged and adjusted limitations.
Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code provides for dollar limitations on benefits and contributions under qualified retirement plans. Section 415(d) requires that the Commissioner annually adjust these limits for cost-of-living increases. Other limitations applicable to deferred compensation plans are also affected by these adjustments under Section 415. Under Section 415(d), the adjustments are to be made pursuant to adjustment procedures which are similar to those used to adjust benefit amounts under Section 215(i)(2)(A) of the Social Security Act.

The limitations that are adjusted by reference to Section 415(d) generally will change for 2013 because the increase in the cost-of-living index met the statutory thresholds that trigger their adjustment. For example, the limitation under Section 402(g)(1) on the exclusion for elective deferrals described in Section 402(g)(3) is increased from \$17,000 to $\$ 17,500$ for 2013. This limitation affects elective deferrals to Section 401(k) plans, Section 403(b) plans, and the Federal Government's Thrift Savings Plan.

Effective January 1, 2013, the limitation on the annual benefit under a defined benefit plan under Section $415(b)(1)(A)$ is increased from $\$ 200,000$ to $\$ 205,000$. For a participant who separated from service before January 1, 2013, the limitation for defined benefit plans under Section 415(b)(1)(B) is computed by multiplying the participant's compensation limitation, as adjusted through 2012, by 1.0170.

The limitation for defined contribution plans under Section 415(c)(1)(A) is increased in 2013 from \$50,000 to \$51,000.

The Code provides that various other dollar amounts are to be adjusted at the same time and in the same manner as the dollar limitation of Section 415(b)(1)(A). After taking into account the applicable rounding rules, the amounts for 2013 are as follows:

The limitation under Section 402(g)(1) on the exclusion for elective deferrals described in Section $402(\mathrm{~g})(3)$ is increased from $\$ 17,000$ to $\$ 17,500$.

The annual compensation limit under Sections 401(a)(17), 404(I), 408(k)(3)(C), and 408(k)(6)(D)(ii) is increased from $\$ 250,000$ to $\$ 255,000$.

The dollar limitation under Section 416(i)(1)(A)(i) concerning the definition of key employee in a top-heavy plan remains unchanged at \$165,000.

The dollar amount under Section 409(o)(1)(C)(ii) for determining the maximum account balance in an employee stock ownership plan subject to a 5 -year distribution period is increased from $\$ 1,015,000$ to $\$ 1,035,000$, while the dollar amount used to determine the lengthening of the 5-year distribution period is increased from $\$ 200,000$ to \$205,000.

The limitation used in the definition of highly compensated employee under Section 414(q)(1)(B) remains unchanged at $\$ 115,000$.

The dollar limitation under Section 414(v)(2)(B)(i) for catch-up contributions to an applicable employer plan other than a plan described in Section 401(k)(11) or Section 408(p) for individuals aged 50 or over remains unchanged at $\$ 5,500$. The dollar limitation under Section 414(v)(2)(B)(ii) for catch-up contributions to an applicable employer plan described in Section 401(k)(11) or Section 408(p) for individuals aged 50 or over remains unchanged at $\$ 2,500$.

The annual compensation limitation under Section 401(a)(17) for eligible participants in certain governmental plans that, under the plan as in effect on July 1, 1993, allowed cost-of-living adjustments to the compensation limitation under the plan under
Section 401(a)(17) to be taken into account, is increased from $\$ 375,000$ to $\$ 380,000$.
The compensation amount under Section 408(k)(2)(C) regarding simplified employee pensions (SEPs) remains unchanged at \$550.

The limitation under Section 408(p)(2)(E) regarding SIMPLE retirement accounts is increased from \$11,500 to \$12,000.

The limitation on deferrals under Section 457(e)(15) concerning deferred compensation plans of state and local governments and tax-exempt organizations is increased from $\$ 17,000$ to $\$ 17,500$.

The compensation amount under Section 1.61-21(f)(5)(i) of the Income Tax Regulations concerning the definition of "control employee" for fringe benefit valuation purposes remains unchanged at $\$ 100,000$. The compensation amount under Section 1.61-21(f)(5)(iii) remains unchanged at \$205,000.

The Code also provides that several pension-related amounts are to be adjusted using the cost-of-living adjustment under Section 1(f)(3). After taking the applicable rounding rules into account, the amounts for 2013 are as follows:

The adjusted gross income limitation under Section 25B(b)(1)(A) for determining the retirement savings contribution credit for married taxpayers filing a joint return is increased from $\$ 34,500$ to $\$ 35,500$; the limitation under Section $25 B(b)(1)(B)$ is increased from $\$ 37,500$ to $\$ 38,500$; and the limitation under Sections $25 B(b)(1)(C)$ and $25 B(b)(1)(D)$, is increased from $\$ 57,500$ to $\$ 59,000$.

The adjusted gross income limitation under Section $25 B(b)(1)(A)$ for determining the retirement savings contribution credit for taxpayers filing as head of household is increased from $\$ 25,875$ to $\$ 26,625$; the limitation under Section $25 B(b)(1)(B)$ is increased from $\$ 28,125$ to $\$ 28,875$; and the limitation under Sections 25B(b)(1)(C) and 25B(b)(1)(D), is increased from \$43,125 to \$44,250.

The adjusted gross income limitation under Section 25B(b)(1)(A) for determining the retirement savings contribution credit for all other taxpayers is increased from \$17,250 to $\$ 17,750$; the limitation under Section $25 B(b)(1)(B)$ is increased from $\$ 18,750$ to $\$ 19,250$; and the limitation under Sections $25 B(b)(1)(C)$ and $25 B(b)(1)(D)$, is increased from $\$ 28,750$ to $\$ 29,500$.

The deductible amount under Section 219(b)(5)(A) for an individual making qualified retirement contributions is increased from \$5,000 to \$5,500.

The applicable dollar amount under Section 219(g)(3)(B)(i) for determining the deductible amount of an IRA contribution for taxpayers who are active participants filing a joint return or as a qualifying widow(er) is increased from $\$ 92,000$ to $\$ 95,000$. The applicable dollar amount under Section 219(g)(3)(B)(ii) for all other taxpayers (other than married taxpayers filing separate returns) is increased from $\$ 58,000$ to $\$ 59,000$. The applicable dollar amount under Section 219(g)(7)(A) for a taxpayer who is not an active participant but whose spouse is an active participant is increased from $\$ 173,000$ to $\$ 178,000$.

The adjusted gross income limitation under Section 408A(c)(3)(B)(ii)(I) for determining the maximum Roth IRA contribution for married taxpayers filing a joint return or for taxpayers filing as a qualifying widow(er) is increased from $\$ 173,000$ to $\$ 178,000$. The adjusted gross income limitation under Section 408A(c)(3)(B)(ii)(II) for all other taxpayers (other than married taxpayers filing separate returns) is increased from $\$ 110,000$ to $\$ 112,000$.

The dollar amount under Section 430(c)(7)(D)(i)(II) used to determine excess employee compensation with respect to a single-employer defined benefit pension plan for which the special election under Section 430(c)(2)(D) has been made is increased from \$1,039,000 to \$1,066,000.

